

mPDF

Example 58. New mPDF v5-4 features

```
<?php

ini_set("memory_limit","64M");

include("../mpdf.php");

$mpdf=new mPDF('');


//=====================================================

$html = '
<style>
.gradient {
    border:0.1mm solid #220044;
    background-color: #f0f2ff;
    background-gradient: linear #c7cdde #f0f2ff 0 1 0 0.5;
    box-shadow: 0.3em 0.3em #888888;
}
.rounded {
    border:0.1mm solid #220044;
    background-color: #f0f2ff;
    background-gradient: linear #c7cdde #f0f2ff 0 1 0 0.5;
    border-radius: 2mm;
    background-clip: border-box;
}
h4 {
    font-weight: bold;
    margin-top: 1em;
    margin-bottom: 0.3em;
    margin-top: 0;
}
div.text {
    padding:0.8em;
    margin-bottom: 0.7em;
}
p { margin: 0.25em 0; }
.code {
    font-family: monospace;
    font-size: 9pt;
    background-color: #d5d5d5;
    margin: 1em 1cm;
    padding: 0 0.3cm;
    border:0.2mm solid #000088;
    box-shadow: 0.3em 0.3em #888888;
}
table {
    overflow: visible;
    empty-cells: hide;
    border:1px solid #000000;
    font-family: sans-serif;
    font-size: 10pt;
    background-gradient: linear #c7cdde #f0f2ff 0 1 0 0.5;
}
td, th {
    border:1px solid #000000;
    text-align: left;
    font-weight: normal;
}
td.markedcell {
    text-decoration: line-through;
```

```

        color: #CC0000;
    }
    td.underlinedcell {
        text-decoration: underline;
        color: #CC0000;
    }
    td.rotatedcell {
        text-decoration: line-through;
        color: #CC0000;
        text-rotate: 45;
    }
    td.cost { text-align: right; }
    caption.tablecaption {
        font-family: sans-serif;
        font-weight: bold;
        border: none;
        caption-side: top;
        margin-bottom: 0;
        text-align: center;
    }
    u.doubleu {
        text-decoration: none;
        border-bottom: 3px double #000088;
    }
    a.reddashed {
        text-decoration: none;
        border: 1px dashed #880000;
    }
    .shadowtitle {
        height: 8mm;
        background-color: #EEDDFF;
        background-gradient: linear #c7cdde #f0f2ff 0 1 0 0.5;
        padding: 0.8em;
        padding-left: 3em;
        font-family:sans;
        font-size: 26pt;
        font-weight: bold;
        border: 0.2mm solid white;
        border-radius: 0.2em;
        box-shadow: 0 0 2em 0.5em rgba(0,0,255,0.9);
        color: #AAAACC;
        text-shadow: 0.03em 0.03em #666, 0.05em 0.05em rgba(127,127,127,0.5), -0.015em -0.015em white;
    }
    h3 {
        margin: 3em 0 2em -15mm;
        background-color: #EEDDFF;
        background-gradient: linear #c7cdde #f0f2ff 0 1 0 0.5;
        padding: 0.5em;
        padding-left: 3em;
        width: 50%;
        font-family:sans;
        font-size: 16pt;
        font-weight: bold;
        border-left: none;
        border-radius: 0 2em 2em 0;
        box-shadow: 0 0 2em 0.5em rgba(255,0,0,1);
        text-shadow: 0.05em 0.04em rgba(127,127,127,0.5);
    }
    .css {
        font-family: arial;
        font-style: italic;
        color: #000088;
    }
    table.zebra tbody tr:nth-child(2n+1) td { background-color: rgba(255,255,127,0.6); }
    table.zebra tbody tr:nth-child(2n+1) th { background-color: rgba(255,255,127,0.6); }
    table.zebra thead tr { background-color: #FFBBFF; }
    table.zebra tfoot tr { background-color: #BBFFFF; }

</style>

```

<body>

<div class="shadowtitle">New Features in mPDF v5.4</div>

<h3>Bookmark styles<bookmark content="Bookmark styles" level="0" /></h3>

<div>

<p>Bookmarks can be styled by adding code as below to your script. You can define a colour (array of RGB) and/or a font-style (B, I, or BI) for each level (starting at 0). Results may depend on the PDF Reader you are using.</p>

<p class="code">

```
$this->bookmarkStyles = array(<br />
    &nbsp; &nbsp; &nbsp; 0 => array('\color\'=> array(0,64,128), \style\'=>\B\'),<br />
    &nbsp; &nbsp; &nbsp; 1 => array('\color\'=> array(128,0,0), \style\'=>\I\'),<br />
    &nbsp; &nbsp; &nbsp; 2 => array('\color\'=> array(0,128,0), \style\'=>\I\'),<br />
);
</p>
</div>
```

<h3>Embedded SVG code<bookmark content="Embedded SVG code" level="0" /></h3>

<p>SVG Images can be embedded in your HTML code. This is formally part of the XHTML specification and is supported by IE9+ and most other browsers.</p>

```
<svg xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg" version="1.1" viewBox="0 0 400 200" width="400" height="200">
    <circle cx="130" cy="100" r="80" stroke="black" stroke-width="1" fill="red" />
    <circle cx="200" cy="100" r="80" stroke="black" stroke-width="1" fill="blue" />
</svg>
<p class="code">
<code><svg xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg" version="1.1" viewBox="0 0 200 200" width="200"
height="200"&gt; <br />
&nbsp; &nbsp; <code><circle cx="100" cy="50" r="40" stroke="black" stroke-width="1" fill="red" /&gt;<br />
&nbsp; &nbsp; <code><circle cx="130" cy="50" r="40" stroke="black" stroke-width="1" fill="blue" /&gt;<br />
&nbsp; </code></code>
</p>
```

<h3>Improved CSS support<bookmark content="Improved CSS support" level="0" /></h3>

<div class="gradient text">

<p>border-radius is now supported on fixed/absolute-positioned block elements.</p>

<p>visibility can be set on any block-style element e.g. DIV,P or images IMG as: visible|hidden|printonly|screenonly</p>

<p>background-color now supports rgba() and cmyka() alpha transparency formats in tables.</p>

<p>Color, underline and strike-through are now supported in table cells, including with rotated text (see example below of spread table)</p>

<p>page-break-after: left|right|always is supported on all block-style elements and tables</p>

<p>text-transform: capitalize|uppercase|lowercase is supported in table cells</p>

</div>

<div class="gradient text">

<h4>Zebra stripes in Tables<bookmark content="Zebra stripes" level="1" /></h4>

<div>

<p>:nth-child() selector can be used in tables (on TR, TD or TH) to stripe rows or columns. Both the <i>a</i>+<i>b</i> and odd/even forms are supported e.g.</p>

<p class="code">

```
tr:nth-child(2n+1) { background-color: rgba(255,255,127,0.6); } <i>or</i><br />
tr:nth-child(odd) { background-color: rgba(255,255,127,0.6); }
</p>
```

<table class="zebra" align="center">

<tbody>

<tr>

<th>Row 1</th>

<td>This is data</td>

<td class="cost">167.00</td>

```

</tr>
<tr>
<th>Row 2</th>
<td>
<p>This is data p</p>
</td>
<td class="cost">
<p>444.53</p>
</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<th>
<p>Row 3</p>
</th>
<td>
<p>This is long data</p>
</td>
<td class="cost">14.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>
<p>Row 4</p>
</td>
<td>This is data</td>
<td class="cost">
<p>0.88</p>
</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Row 5</td>
<td>Also data</td>
<td class="cost">144.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Row 6</td>
<td>Also data</td>
<td class="cost">8089.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody></table>

```

<p>Note: mPDF does NOT correctly apply specificity to all CSS. The following stylesheet:</p>

```

<p class="code">
table.zebra tbody tr:nth-child(2n+1) td { background-color: yellow; }<br />
table.zebra tbody td:nth-child(odd) { background-color: blue; }
</p>

```

<p>should make every odd row yellow, and every odd column blue, but with the row/yellow overriding the column/blue.

In mPDF the td:nth-child(odd) trumps the plain td, so the column colour wins out. You can force the effect you want by using:</p>

```

<p class="code">
table.zebra tbody tr:nth-child(2n+1) td:nth-child(1n+0) { background-color: yellow; }
</p>
<p>The :nth-child(1n+0) selector just selects every td cell.</p>

```

</div>

</div>

<div class="gradient text">

<p>border can now be defined on in-line elements eg SPAN</p>

<li style="font-family: arial;">Cum sociis natoque <u class="doubleu">penatibus</u> et magnis dis parturient montes

<p>Note: Remember that in mPDF, inside table cells, properties set on block elements are set when possible as in-line properties - so a P element inside a table with border set, will appear with a border around the text line as though it had been set on SPAN </p>

</div>

```

<div class="gradient text">
<h4>Shadows<bookmark content="Shadows" level="1" /></h4>
<p><span class="css">box-shadow</span> can be defined on any block-level element (P, DIV etc). It follows the CSS3 recommendation, but <i>inset</i> is not supported.</p>
<p><span class="css">text-shadow</span> can be defined on any element. It follows the CSS3 recommendation, but <i>blur</i> is not supported.</p>
<p class="code">
&lt;span style="text-shadow: 0.03em 0.03em #666, -0.015em -0.015em white;"&gt;<br />
&lt;div style="box-shadow: 0.3em 0.3em #888888;"&gt;
</p>
</div>

```

```

<h3>0ther Enhancements<bookmark content="0ther Enhancements" level="0" /></h3>

```

```

<h4>Column Totals (Tables)<bookmark content="Column totals" level="1" /></h4>
<p>{colsum} placed in the footer of a table will automatically display the sum of that column. If the table breaks across more than one page, the sum of the values on that page will be displayed. A number following the colsum e.g. {colsum2} will force that number of decimal places to be displayed.</p>

```

```

<table class="zebra" align="center">
<caption class="tablecaption" align="bottom">Table caption goes here</caption>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Header Row</th>
<td>Header Row</td>
<td>Header Row</td>
</tr>
</thead>
<tfoot>
<tr>
<th></th>
<td>Column total: (using colsum2 in {})</td>
<td class="cost"><b>{colsum2}</b></td>
</tr>
</tfoot>
<tbody>
<tr>
<th>Row 1</th>
<td>This is data</td>
<td class="cost">167.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<th>Row 2</th>
<td>
<p>This is data p</p>
</td>
<td class="cost">
<p>444.53</p>
</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<th>
<p>Row 3</p>
</th>
<td>
<p>This is long data</p>
</td>
<td class="cost">14.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<th>
<p>Row 4</p>
</th>
<td>
<p>This is data</p>
</td>
<td class="cost">
<p>0.88</p>
</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```

```

<td>Row 5</td>
<td>Also data</td>
<td class="cost">144.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Row 6</td>
<td>Also data</td>
<td class="cost">8089.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Row 7</td>
<td>Also data</td>
<td class="cost">3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Row 8</td>
<td>Also data</td>
<td class="cost">23.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody></table>
<br />

```

<h4>Table caption<bookmark content="Table caption" level="1" /></h4>

<p>The caption element for tables is partially supported (see example above).</p>

<p class="code">

<caption align="top|bottom" style="caption-side: top|bottom">

</p>

The caption must come immediately after <table>

The CSS caption-side or HTML align attribute of top|bottom supported

Left or right placement are not supported.

The caption is handled as a separate block element brought outside the table, so:

CSS will not cascade correctly from the table

the width of the caption block is that of page or of the block element containing the table

text alignment will be to the page-width not the table width

if table page-break-after: always, the caption will follow the pagebreak

<h4>Core fonts in non-core font document<bookmark content="Core fonts" level="1" /></h4>

<p>Core fonts, which do not need to be embedded in a PDF, can now be included in a document which uses non-core fonts. The pseudo font-family names: chelvetica, ctimes and ccourier should be used.</p>

<p class="code">

<div style="font-family: chelvetica">

</p>

<p>NB You could force mPDF to always use core fonts when Arial/Helvetica/Courier are specified, by editing \$this->fonttrans in config_fonts.php:</p>

<p class="code">

\$this->fonttrans = array(

\ 'arial\ ' => \ 'chelvetica\ ',

\ 'helvetica\ ' => \ 'chelvetica\ ',

\ 'timesnewroman\ ' => \ 'ctimes\ ',

\ 'times\ ' => \ 'ctimes\ ',

\ 'couriernew\ ' => \ 'ccourier\ ',

\ 'courier\ ' => \ 'ccourier\ ',

...

</p>

<h4>Javascript in Forms<bookmark content="Javascript in Forms" level="1" /></h4>

<p>Javascript used in (active) forms has been altered to reflect the Adobe Acrobat specification for

Javascript in PDF documents.</p>

<p>textarea and input (text-types) now accept javascript as: onKeystroke, onValidate, onCalculate and onFormat. onChange is deprecated but is not ignored; it works as though for onCalculate. (PS Select still accepts onChange)</p>

<h4>Overlapping Rows in Tables<bookmark content="Overlapping Table Rows" level="1" /></h4>

<p>Support for overlapping rowspans in tables has been improved (although probably not foolproof!)</p>

<table style="border-collapse: separate; border-spacing: 3.5mm;">

<tr>

<td style="width: 30mm; height: 30mm; background-color: rgb(213,226,253)"> </td>

<td style="width: 30mm; height: 30mm; background-color: rgb(75,155,215)"> </td>

<td rowspan="2" style="width: 30mm; height: 63.5mm; background-color: rgb(183,225,253)"> </td>

</tr>

<tr>

<td colspan="2" rowspan="2" style="width: 63.5mm; height: 63.5mm; background-color: rgb(183,225,253)"> </td>

</tr>

<tr>

<td style="width: 30mm; height: 30mm; background-color: rgb(75,155,215)"> </td>

</tr>

</table>

<h3>Circular Text<bookmark content="Circular Text" level="0" /></h3>

<p>Circular Text can be included in a PDF document as a custom HTML tag (or a function)</p>

top-text and/or bottom-text can be specified

Radius (r) and font-size (using CSS) are user-defined

Width and height are calculated from radius and font-size

Other CSS styles supported on Circular Text: border, margin, padding, color, background-color, font-family, font-size, font-weight, font-style, display, visibility, and opacity

space-width should be specified as an integer defining the letter-spacing as a percentage of normal (default 120)

char-width should be specified as an integer defining the width of each character as a percentage of normal (default 100)

Circular Text is displayed as though an in-line element

<p>NB If \$mpdf->useKerning is true then automatic kerning will be used on Circular Text.</p>

<p class="code">

<textcircle r="30mm" top-text="Circular Text Circular Text" style="color: blue; font-size: 34pt; font-style: italic" />

<textcircle r="30mm" space-width="120" char-width="150" top-text="• Circular Text •" bottom-text="Circular Text" style="background-color: #FFAAAA; border:1px solid red; padding: 0.3em; margin: 0.3em; color: #000000; font-size: 21pt; font-weight:bold; font-family: Arial" />

</p>

<textcircle r="30mm" top-text="Circular Text Circular Text" style="color: blue; font-size: 34pt; font-style: italic" />

<textcircle r="30mm" space-width="120" char-width="150" top-text="• Circular Text •" bottom-text="Circular Text" style="background-color: #FFAAAA; border:1px solid red; padding: 0.3em; margin: 0.3em; color: #000000; font-size: 21pt; font-weight:bold; font-family: Arial" />

<h3 style="page-break-before: left;">Spread tables<bookmark content="Spread Tables" level="0" /></h3>

<div class="gradient text">


```
;
//=====
if ($_REQUEST['html']) { echo $html; exit; }
if ($_REQUEST['source']) {
    $file = __FILE__;
    header("Content-Type: text/plain");
    header("Content-Length: ". filesize($file));
    header("Content-Disposition: attachment; filename='".$file."'");
    readfile($file);
    exit;
}

//=====
$pdf->useActiveForms = true;

$pdf->bookmarkStyles = array(
    0 => array('color'=> array(0,64,128), 'style'=>'B'),
    1 => array('color'=> array(128,0,0), 'style'=>'),
    2 => array('color'=> array(0,128,0), 'style'=>'I'),
);

$pdf->useKerning=true;    // set this to improve appearance of Circular text
                        // must be set before the font is first loaded

$pdf->WriteHTML($html);

// JAVASCRIPT FOR WHOLE DOCUMENT
$pdf->SetJS('
function TwoPages() {
    this.layout="TwoColumnRight";
    this.zoomType = zoomtype.fitW;
}
function OnePage() {
    this.layout="SinglePage";
    this.zoom = 100;
}
');

// OUTPUT
$pdf->Output(); exit;

//=====
//=====
//=====
//=====

?>
```